Post tPA Infusion



HOLD Antiplatelet Therapy & VTE Prophylaxis until 24 hour follow-up CT head confirms absence of hemorrhage

NO arterial puncture, intramuscular injection or invasive procedure x 24 hours post tPA

DO NOT administer any other medication in the dedicated tPA line

Assessments

Vital Signs and Canadian Neurological Scale (CNS)

- · q30 minutes x2 hours
- · Then q1H x10 hours
- · Then q2H x12 hours
- Then q8H and PRN

Monitor for active bleeding and angioedema

- · At 75 minutes
- · At 90 minutes
- · Then q4h x24 hours

Notify physician if:

- · Temperature greater than 37.5
- CNS decreases by 1 point from previous score
- · Any neurological changes

Swallowing Screen



Patient remains NPO including medications until screen is complete and patient has passed

Stroke Standardized Swallowing Screen

- · To be completed within 24 hours
- · Patient must be alert & can sit upright
- · Use teaspoon, not tablespoons
- If patient fails, keep NPO, inform physician and SLP if available

Other Care Considerations

Monitor for signs of increased intracranial pressure

- · Post tPA patients are at an increased risk of hemorrhagic transformation Cardiac monitoring x24 hours
- · High incidence of acute coronary syndrome & arrhythmia within first 24 hours Monitor Blood Pressure
 - · Maintain targets of SBP ≤180 mmHg and/or DBP ≤105 mmHg, or as ordered
 - · Follow IV anti-hypertensive orders
 - · Notify physician if:
 - · SBP > 185mmHg or < 105mmHg
 - · DBP >110 mmhg or <60mmHg
 - · HR <50 beats/min
 - · RR > 24 breaths/min

Source: strokebestpractices.ca v0.1 Sept 2022

